



Financial Activity Statement Report

For the month ended 30 September 2021



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## **Statement of Financial Activity Variances**

#### **Material Variances Defined**

For the purposes of reporting the material variances in the Statement of Financial Activity (by Service Unit) (as contained in this document), the following indicators, as resolved, have been applied –

# Revenues (Operating and Non-Operating)

Service Unit material variances will be identified where, for the period being reviewed, the actual varies to budget by an amount of (+) or (-) \$25,000 and, in these instances, an explanatory comment will be provided.

### Expenses (Operating, Capital and Non-Operating)

Service Unit material variances will be identified where, for the period being reviewed, the actual varies to budget by an amount of (+) or (-) \$25,000 and, in these instances, an explanatory comment will be provided.

Before commenting on each of the specific material variances identified it is important to note that, whilst many accounts will influence the overall variance, only those accounts within the affected Service Unit that significantly contribute to the variance will be highlighted.

For the purposes of explaining each variance, a multi-part approach has been taken. The parts are –

- 1. Period Variation Relates specifically to the value of the variance between the Budget and Actual figures for the period being reviewed.
- 2. Primary Reason Explains the primary reasons for the period variance. As the review is aimed at a higher-level analysis, only major contributing factors are reported.
- 3. Budget Impact Forecasts the likely \$ impact on the year end surplus or deficit position. It is important to note that values in this part are indicative only at the time of reporting, for circumstances may subsequently change.

### **Material Variances Explained**

The Financial statements are presented based on the new organisational structure

As shown in the in the Statement of Financial Activity (contained within this document), the following variances have been identified -

### **Operating Revenue**

<u>Chief Executive Office</u> No material variance to report

# **Community Planning**

# Building Services

- The period variation is unfavourable to period budget by \$31,105.
- The variation predominantly relates to a reduction in income for building permits. This is a trend occurring in several metro and country Permit Authorities in WA.
- The estimated impact on the year end position is nil as this is a budget timing variance.

#### • Environmental Health

- The period variation is favourable to period budget by \$79,136.
- The variation predominantly relates to an increase in food business registration fees which is due to the Town hosting the 2021 AFL grand final.
- The estimated impact on the year end position is favourable for fees and charges.

### Urban Planning

- The period variation is favourable to period budget by \$34,224.
- The variation predominantly relates to higher-than-expected revenue for development applications, archive search request and written planning advice fees.
- The estimated impact on the year end position is nil as this is a budget timing variance.

### <u>Finance</u>

### Aqualife

- The period variation is favourable to period budget by \$33,734.
- The variation predominantly relates to the recreational swimming and learn to swim service areas performing over the expected membership and enrolment targets.
- The estimated impact on the year end position is nil as this is a budget timing variance.

#### Financial Services

- The period variation is favourable to period budget by \$77,416.
- The variation predominantly relates to an earlier that predicted uptake in the rates instalment payment option.
- The estimated impact on the year end position is nil as this is a budget timing variance.

### Leisurelife

- The period variation is unfavourable to period budget by \$71,721.
- The variation predominantly relates to a lower-than-expected revenue within the Bingo, Health and Fitness and Sports and Programs service areas.
- The estimated impact on the year end position is nil as this is a budget timing variance.

### Parking

- The period variation is favourable to period budget by \$97,562.
- The variation predominantly relates to the recent recruitment of an information and parking officer has increased parking management and enforcement capacity.
- The estimated impact on the year end position is nil as this is a budget timing variance.

### **Operations**

No material variance to report

### **Operating Expense**

### **Chief Executive Office**

#### Customer Relations

- The period variation is unfavourable to period budget by \$29,585.
- The variation predominantly relates to a higher-than-expected employee costs.
- The estimated impact on the year end position is nil as this is a budget timing variance.

#### Human Resources

- The period variation is favourable to period budget by \$52,250.
- The variation predominantly relates to consultancy costs not yet required.
- The estimated impact on the year end position is nil as this is a budget timing variance.

# • Leadership and Governance

- The period variation is favourable to period budget by \$116,085.
- The variation predominantly relates to election costs not yet invoiced and elected member training not required.
- The estimated impact on the year end position is nil as this is a budget timing variance.

# **Community Planning**

### Building Services

- The period variation is favourable to period budget by \$36,717.
- The variation predominantly relates to employee costs due to staff vacancies and a reduced reliance on legal costs.
- The estimated impact on the year end position is nil as this is a budget timing variance.

### • Community Planning Office

- The period variation is favourable to period budget by \$26,503.
- The variation predominantly relates to budget timing for employee costs.
- The estimated impact on the year end position is nil as this is a budget timing variance.

#### Environment Health

- The period variation is favourable to period budget by \$27,962.
- The variation predominantly relates to a reduction in legal and consultancy services required.
- The estimated impact on the year end position is nil as this is a budget timing variance.

# Events, Arts and Funding

- The period variation is unfavourable to period budget by \$131,901.
- The variation predominantly relates to an operating subsidy that was paid different to the budget spread.
- The estimated impact on the year end position is nil as this is a budget timing variance.

## Library Services

- The period variation is favourable to period budget by \$60,800.
- The variation predominantly relates to employee costs due to vacancies and an underspend in stock ordering.
- The estimated impact on the year end position is nil as this is a budget timing variance.

#### • Place Management

- The period variation is favourable to period budget by \$391,470.
- The variation predominantly relates to an underspend for the Urban Forrest Strategy.
- The estimated impact on the year end position is nil as this is a budget timing variance.

# • Strategic Town Planning

- The period variation is favourable to period budget by \$87,503.
- The variation predominantly relates to a variation in consultancy costs for the Albany Hwy precinct plan, local planning strategy and social infrastructure plan review.
- The estimated impact on the year end position is nil as this is a budget timing variance.

### Urban Planning

- The period variation is favourable to period budget by \$84,264.
- The variation predominantly relates to a variation in employee costs due to staff vacancies and a reduced need for consultancy costs.
- The estimated impact on the year end position is nil as this is a budget timing variance.

#### **Finance**

## Aqualife

- The period variation is favourable to period budget by \$46,286.
- The variation predominantly relates to savings made within the customer service health and fitness service area.
- The estimated impact on the year end position is nil as this is a budget timing variance.

#### Corporate Funds

- The period variation is favourable to period budget by \$118,717.
- The variation predominantly relates to an end of year interest expense accrual for loan repayments and corporate contingency expenses.
- The estimated impact on the year end position is nil as this is a budget timing variance.

#### Finance Office

- The period variation is favourable to period budget by \$51,920.
- The variation predominantly relates to a variation in employee costs.
- The estimated impact on the year end position is nil as this is a budget timing variance.

#### • Financial Services

- The period variation is favourable to period budget by \$77,023.
- The variation predominantly relates to a variation in employee costs, bank charges and valuations.
- The estimated impact on the year end position is nil as this is a budget timing variance.

# • Information Systems

- The period variation is favourable to period budget by \$156,700.
- The variation predominantly relates to a variation in consultancy costs and purchase of hardware
- The estimated impact on the year end position is nil as this is a budget timing variance.

#### Leisurelife

- The period variation is unfavourable to period budget by \$30,113.
- The variation predominantly relates to the bingo, customer service and health and fitness service areas.
- The estimated impact on the year end position is nil as this is a budget timing variance.

## Parking

- The period variation is favourable to period budget by \$138,758.
- The variation predominantly relates to a variation in employee costs due to vacancies.
- The estimated impact on the year end position is nil as this is a budget timing variance.

# Ranger Services

- The period variation is favourable to period budget by \$47,315.
- The variation predominantly relates to a variation in employee costs due to vacancies and a lower rate of animal impounds.
- The estimated impact on the year end position is nil as this is a budget timing variance.

### **Operations**

### Asset Planning

- The period variation is favourable to period budget by \$184,312.
- The variation predominantly relates to an underspend in facility maintenance.
- The estimated impact on the year end position is nil as this is a budget timing variance.

#### Environment

- The period variation is favourable to period budget by \$25,921.
- The variation predominantly relates to a variation in environment program expenses.
- The estimated impact on the year end position is nil as this is a budget timing variance.

### Operations Office

- The period variation is unfavourable to period budget by \$111,259.
- The variation predominantly relates to the Lathlain precinct redevelopment project.
- The estimated impact on the year end position is nil as this is a budget timing variance.

#### Parks & Reserves

- The period variation is favourable to period budget by \$831,658.
- The variation predominantly relates to reduced spraying required due to the wet weather and a delay in receiving invoices.
- The estimated impact on the year end position is nil as this is a budget timing variance.

# • Project Management

- The period variation is favourable to period budget by \$80,392.
- The variation predominantly relates to consultancy costs for the following projects, John Macmillan precinct planning, Burswood station east streetscape upgrade, Archer/Mint Street detailed design, Higgins Park masterplan and Perth Football Club zone one.
- The estimated impact on the year end position is nil as this is a budget timing variance.

# Property Development and Leasing

- The period variation is favourable to period budget by \$166,739.
- The variation predominantly relates to a variation in consulting costs for the Edward Millen heritage redevelopment and land asset optimisation projects.
- The estimated impact on the year end position is nil as this is a budget timing variance.

### • Street Improvement

- The period variation is favourable to period budget by \$107,115.
- The variation predominantly relates to a variation in employee costs.
- The estimated impact on the year end position is nil as this is a budget timing variance.

### • Street Operations

- The period variation is favourable to period budget by \$67,412.
- The variation predominantly relates to a variation in employee costs.
- The estimated impact on the year end position is nil as this is a budget timing variance.

# Waste Services

- The period variation is favourable to period budget by \$409,614.
- The variation predominantly relates to a lower-than-expected capital contribution for RFFA and a timing delay for waste disposal invoices.
- The estimated impact on the year end position is favourable for the capital contribution.

# **Capital Expense**

<u>Chief Executive Office</u> No material variance to report

### **Community Planning**

#### Finance

### • Information Systems

- The period variation is unfavourable to period budget by \$112,457
- The variation is predominantly relating to the projects commencing earlier than expected.
- The estimated impact on the year end position is nil as this is a budget timing variance

### **Operations**

#### Parks and Reserves

- The period variation is favourable to period budget by \$143,219.
- The variation predominantly relates to delays with the GO Edwards project due to extreme wet weather conditions.
- The estimated impact on the year end position is nil as this is a budget timing variance.

# Street Operations

- The period variation is unfavourable to period budget by \$284,408
- The variation is predominantly relating to the upgrade of rights-of-ways commencing earlier than anticipated.
- The estimated impact on the year end position is nil as this is a budget timing variance.

# **Non-Operating Revenue**

### **Operations**

#### Fleet Services

- The period variation is unfavourable to period budget by \$97,801.
- The variation is predominantly a result of vehicles not being sent for auction
- The estimated impact on the year end position is nil as this is a budget timing variance.

### **Non-Operating Expenses**

#### <u>Finance</u>

No material variance to report

#### **Non-Cash Adjustments**

### Depreciation

- The period variation is favourable to period budget by \$2,367,042.
- The variation predominantly relates to the depreciation not being raised for the financial year, which won't occur until the Office of the Auditor General has sign off the Town's Annual Financial Report.
- The estimated impact on the year end position is nil as this is a non-cash budget item and is a budget timing variance.

### **Proposed Budget Amendments**

No proposed budget amendments to report.

## **Accounting Notes**

## **Significant Accounting Policies**

The significant accounting policies that have been adopted in the preparation of this document are:

#### **Basis of Preparation**

The document has been prepared in accordance with applicable Australian Accounting Standards (as they apply to local government and not-for-profit entities), Australian Accounting Interpretations, other authoritative pronouncements of the Australian Accounting Standards Board, the Local Government Act 1995 and accompanying regulations.

The document has also been prepared on the accrual basis and is based on historical costs, modified, where applicable, by the measurement at fair value of selected non-current assets, financial assets and liabilities.

### **The Local Government Reporting Entity**

All Funds through which the Council controls resources to carry on its functions have been included in this document.

In the process of reporting on the local government as a single unit, all transactions and balances between those Funds (for example, loans and transfers between Funds) have been eliminated.

#### 2020 - 2021 Actual Balances

Balances shown in this document as 2020-2021 Actual are subject to final adjustments.

# **Rounding Off Figures**

All figures shown in this document, other than a rate in the dollar, are rounded to the nearest dollar.

#### **Rates, Grants, Donations and Other Contributions**

All rates levied under the *Local Government Act 1995*. Includes general, differential, specified area rates, minimum rates, interim rates, back rates, ex-gratia rates, less discounts and concessions offered. Exclude administration fees, interest on instalments, interest on arrears, service charges and sewerage rates.

Operating grants, subsidies and contributions are grants, subsidies or contributions that are not non-operating in nature. Non-operating grants, subsidies and contributions are amounts received for the acquisition or construction of recognisable non-financial assets to be controlled by the local government.

### **Superannuation**

The Council contributes to a number of Superannuation Funds on behalf of employees. All funds to which the Council contributes are defined contribution plans.

#### **Goods and Services Tax**

Revenues, expenses and assets capitalised are stated net of any GST recoverable. Receivables and payables in the statement of financial position are stated inclusive of applicable GST. The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the ATO is included with receivables on payables in the statement of financial position. Cash flows are presented on a Gross basis. The GST components of cash flows arising from investing or financing activities which are recoverable from, or payable to, the ATO are presented as operating cash flows.

# **Cash and Cash Equivalents**

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, cash at bank, deposits held at call with banks, other short term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and that are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown as short-term borrowings in current liabilities.

#### **Trade and Other Receivables**

Collectability of trade and other receivables is reviewed on an ongoing basis. Debts that are known to be uncollectible are written off when identified. An allowance for doubtful debts is raised when there is objective evidence that they will not be collectible.

#### **Inventories**

#### General

Inventories are measured at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

#### Land Held for Resale

Land purchased for development and/or resale is valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost includes the cost of acquisition, development, borrowing costs and holding costs until completion of development. Finance costs and holding charges incurred after development is completed are expensed.

Revenue arising from the sale of property is recognised as at the time of signing an unconditional contract of sale. Land held for resale is classified as current except where it is held as non-current based on Council's intentions to release for sale.

### **Fixed Assets**

Each class of fixed asset is carried at cost or fair value as indicated less, where applicable, any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

## **Initial Recognition**

All assets are initially recognised at cost. Cost is determined as the fair value of the assets given as consideration plus costs incidental to the acquisition. For assets acquired at no cost, or for nominal consideration, cost is determined as fair value at the date of acquisition. The cost of non-current assets constructed by the Council includes the cost of all materials used in construction, direct labour on the project and an appropriate proportion of variable and fixed overheads.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Council and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance are recognised as expenses in the period in which they are incurred.

### **Revaluation**

Certain asset classes may be re-valued on a regular basis such that the carrying values are not materially different from fair value. For infrastructure and other asset classes, where no active market exists, fair value is determined to be the current replacement cost of an asset less, where applicable, accumulated depreciation calculated on the basis of such cost to reflect the already consumed or expired future economic benefits of the asset. Increases in the carrying amount arising on revaluation of assets are credited to a revaluation surplus in equity. Decreases that offset previous increases of the same asset are recognised against revaluation surplus directly in equity; all other decreases are recognised in profit or loss. Any accumulated depreciation at the date of revaluation is eliminated against the gross carrying amount of the asset and the net amount is restated to the re-valued amount of the asset.

Those assets carried at a re-valued amount, being their fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, are to be re-valued with sufficient regularity to ensure the carrying amount does not differ materially from that determined using fair value at reporting date.

### **Land Under Roads**

In Western Australia, all land under roads is Crown land, the responsibility for managing which, is vested in the local government. Council has elected not to recognise any value for land under roads acquired on or before 30 June 2008. This accords with the treatment available in Australian Accounting Standard AASB 1051 Land Under Roads and the fact Local Government (Financial Management) Regulation 16 (a) (i) prohibits local governments from recognising such land as an asset. In respect of land under roads acquired on or after 1 July 2008, as detailed above, Local Government (Financial Management) Regulation 16 (a) (i) prohibits local governments from recognising such land as an asset.

Whilst such treatment is inconsistent with the requirements of AASB 1051, Local Government (Financial Management) Regulation 4 (2) provides, in the event of such an inconsistency, the Local Government (Financial Management) Regulations prevail. Consequently, any land under roads acquired on or after 1 September 2008 is not included as an asset of the Council.

### **Depreciation of Non-Current Assets**

All non-current assets having a limited useful life (excluding freehold land) are systematically depreciated over their useful lives in a manner that reflects the consumption of the future economic benefits embodied in those assets. Assets are depreciated from the date of acquisition or, in respect of internally constructed assets, from the time the asset is completed and held ready for use. Depreciation is recognised on a straight-line basis, using rates that are reviewed each reporting period. Major depreciation periods are:

**Buildings** 40 years Furniture and Equipment 5 – 10 years Plant and Machinery 2 – 10 years Sealed Roads - Clearing and Earthworks Not depreciated - Construction and Road Base 5 – 80 years - Original Surface / Major Resurface 5 – 80 years 5 - 80 years Drainage **Pathways** 5 – 80 years Parks and Reserves 5 – 80 years

Asset residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period. An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount. Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing proceeds with the carrying amount. When revalued assets are sold, amounts included in the revaluation surplus relating to that asset are transferred to retained earnings.

#### **Capitalisation Threshold**

Assets with a value below \$5,000 at the time of acquisition, are excluded from the assets reported in the financial report. These assets are instead reported as an expense in the year of acquisition.

#### **Financial Instruments**

### <u>Initial Recognition and Measurement</u>

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the Council becomes a party to the contractual provisions to the instrument. For financial assets, this is equivalent to the date that the Council commits itself to either the purchase or sale of the asset (i.e. trade date accounting is adopted). Financial instruments are initially measured at fair value plus transaction costs, except where the instrument is classified 'at fair value through profit of loss', in which case transaction costs are expensed to profit or loss immediately.

## <u>Classification and Subsequent Measurement</u>

Financial instruments are subsequently measured at fair value, amortised cost using the effective interest rate method or cost. Fair value represents the amount for which an asset could be exchanged, or a liability settled, between knowledgeable, willing parties. Where available, quoted prices in an active market are used to determine fair value. In other circumstances, valuation techniques are adopted.

#### Amortised cost is calculated as:

- a. the amount in which the financial asset or financial liability is measured at initial recognition;
- b. less principal repayments;
- c. plus, or minus the cumulative amortisation of the difference, if any, between the amount initially recognised and the maturity amount calculated using the effective interest rate method; and
- d. less any reduction for impairment.

The effective interest method is used to allocate interest income or interest expense over the relevant period and is equivalent to the rate that discounts estimated future cash payments or receipts (including fees, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life (or when this cannot be reliably predicted, the contractual term) of the financial instrument to the net carrying amount of the financial asset or financial liability. Revisions to expected future net cash flows will necessitate an adjustment to the carrying value with a consequential recognition of an income or expense in profit or loss.

# Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are financial assets held for trading. A financial asset is classified in this category if acquired principally for the purpose of selling in the short term. Derivatives are classified as held for trading unless they are designated as hedges. Assets in this category are classified as current assets.

#### Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market and are subsequently measured at amortised cost. Loans and receivables are included in current assets where they are expected to mature within 12 months after the end of the reporting period.

### Held-to-maturity investments

Held-to-maturity investments are non-derivative financial assets with fixed maturities and fixed or determinable payments that the Council's management has the positive intention and ability to hold to maturity. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost. Held-to-maturity investments are included in current assets where they are expected to mature within 12 months after the end of the reporting period. All other investments are classified as non-current. They are subsequently measured at fair value with changes in such fair value (i.e. gains or losses) recognised in other comprehensive income (except for impairment losses).

When the financial asset is derecognised, the cumulative gain or loss pertaining to that asset previously recognised in other comprehensive income is reclassified into profit or loss.

#### Available-for-sale financial assets

Available-for-sale financial assets are non-derivative financial assets that are either not suitable to be classified into other categories of financial assets due to their nature, or they are designated as such by management. They comprise investments in the equity of other entities where there is neither a fixed maturity nor fixed or determinable payments.

They are subsequently measured at fair value with changes in such fair value (i.e. gains or losses) recognised in other comprehensive income (except for impairment losses). When the financial asset is derecognised, the cumulative gain, or loss, pertaining to that asset previously recognised in other comprehensive income is reclassified into profit or loss.

Available-for-sale financial assets are included in current assets, where they are expected to be sold within 12 months after the end of the reporting period. All other financial assets are classified as non-current.

#### **Financial liabilities**

Non-derivative financial liabilities (excluding financial guarantees) are subsequently measured at amortised cost.

# <u>Impairment</u>

At the end of each reporting period, the Council assesses whether there is objective evidence that a financial instrument has been impaired. In the case of available-for-sale financial instruments, a prolonged decline in the value of the instrument is considered to determine whether impairment has arisen. Impairment losses are recognised in profit or loss. Any cumulative decline in fair value is reclassified to profit or loss at this point.

# **Derecognition**

Financial assets are derecognised where the contractual rights for receipt of cash flows expire or the asset is transferred to another party, whereby the Council no longer has any significant continual involvement in the risks and benefits associated with the asset.

Financial liabilities are derecognised where the related obligations are discharged, cancelled or expired. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability extinguished or transferred to another party and the fair value of the consideration paid, including the transfer of non-cash assets or liabilities assumed, is recognised in profit or loss.

#### **Contract Assets**

A contract asset is the right to consideration in exchange for goods or services the entity has transferred to a customer when that right is conditioned on something other than the passage of time.

### **Impairment**

In accordance with Australian Accounting Standards the Council's assets, other than inventories, are assessed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any indication they may be impaired. Where such an indication exists, an impairment test is carried out on the asset by comparing the recoverable amount of the asset, being the higher of the asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use, to the asset's carrying amount.

Any excess of the asset's carrying amount over its recoverable amount is recognised immediately in profit or loss unless the asset is carried at a revalued amount in accordance with another standard (e.g. AASB 116). For non-cash generating assets such as roads, drains, public buildings and the like, value in use is represented by the depreciated replacement cost of the asset. At the time of adopting the Annual Budget, it was not possible to estimate the amount of impairment losses (if any) as at 30 June 2020. In any event, an impairment loss is a non-cash transaction and consequently, has no impact on the Annual Budget.

### **Trade and Other Payables**

Trade and other payables represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the Council prior to the end of the financial year that are unpaid and arise when the Council becomes obliged to make future payments in respect of the purchase of these goods and services. The amounts are unsecured and are usually paid within 30 days of recognition.

#### **Lease Liabilities**

The present value of future lease payments not paid at the reporting date, discounted using the incremental borrowing rate where the implicit interest rate in the lease is not readily determined.

#### **Contract liabilities**

An entity's obligation to transfer goods or services to a customer for which the entity has received consideration (or the amount is due) from the customer. Grants to acquire or construct recognisable non-financial assets to be controlled by the Town are recognised as a liability until such time as the Town satisfies its obligations under the agreement.

### **Employee Benefits**

Provision is made for the Council's liability for employee benefits arising from services rendered by employees to the end of the reporting period. Employee benefits that are expected to be settled within one year have been measured at the amounts expected to be paid when the liability is settled.

Employee benefits payable later than one year have been measured at the present value of the estimated future cash outflows to be made for those benefits. In determining the liability, consideration is given to employee wage increases and the probability that the employee may not satisfy vesting requirements. Those cash flows are discounted using market yields on national government bonds with terms to maturity that match the expected timing of cash flows.

#### **Borrowing Costs**

Borrowing costs are recognised as an expense when incurred except where they are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction, or production of a qualifying asset. Where this is the case, they are capitalised as part of the cost of the particular asset.

#### **Provisions**

Provisions are recognised when the Town has a legal or constructive obligation, as a result of past events, for which it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will result, and that outflow can be reliably measured.

Provisions are measured using the best estimate of the amounts required to settle the obligation at the end of the reporting period.

#### **Current and Non-Current Classification**

In the determination of whether an asset or liability is current or non-current, consideration is given to the time when each asset or liability is expected to be settled. The asset or liability is classified as current if it expected to be settled within the next 12 months, being the Council's operational cycle. In the case of liabilities where the Council does not have the unconditional right to defer settlement beyond 12 months, such as vested long service leave, the liability is classified as current even if not expected to be settled within the next 12 months. Inventories held for trading are classified as current even if not expected to be realised in the next 12 months except for land held for resale where it is held as non-current based on the Council's intentions to release for sale.

### **Comparative Figures**

Where required, comparative figures have been adjusted to conform to changes in presentation for the current reporting period.

# **Budget Comparative Figures**

Unless otherwise stated, the Budget comparative figures shown in this Budget document relate to the original Budget estimate for the relevant item of disclosure.

#### **Service Unit Definitions**

The Town operations, as disclosed in this report, encompass the following service-oriented Service Units –

#### **Chief Executive Office**

#### Chief Executive Office

The Chief Executive Office leads and supports the transformation of the organisation into a customer-focused, culturally constructive, legislatively compliant, sector-leading entity, with a primary focus on the Service Areas within the Chief Executive Office functional area.

### Communications and Engagement

Communications and Engagement manages the brand and reputation of the Town. This is achieved through developing clear and accessible messaging, consulting with the community, delivering key messages through various channels and working to reach the appropriate audiences through strategically executed marketing, engagement and communication planning.

#### **Customer Relations**

Customer Relations manages the Customer Service Contact Centre, which is the first point of contact for the organisation, and monitors performance against the Town's Customer Service Charter.

### Leadership and Governance

The Leadership and Governance Service Area is committed to responsibly managing the Town on behalf of the residents and ratepayers of the District through collaboration, knowledge-sharing and good governance.

### **Human Resources**

Human Resources is responsible for the development and implementation of occupational health and safety compliance, staff development, employee relations, recruitment and payroll services of the Town.

### **Community Planning**

### **Building Services**

Building Services provide services to ensure buildings are safe, liveable, accessible and sustainable, and meet statutory requirements.

## **Community Development**

The Community Development team's vision is an empowered Victoria Park, which will be achieved through the mission of community capacity building.

# **Community Planning Office**

The Community Planning Office leads and supports the transformation of the organisation into a customer-focused, culturally constructive, legislatively compliant, sector-leading entity, with a primary focus on the Service Areas within the Community Planning functional area.

### Digital Hub

The Digital Hub provides free digital literacy and online training for the local community, not-for-profit organisations and local business operators.

## **Economic Development**

Economic Development seeks to increase the economic growth of the district through fostering business attraction and retention, tourism, marketing, community initiatives and creating robust relationships.

#### **Environmental Health**

Environmental Health seeks to promote good standards of public health via the many hospitality outlets in the area and the community in general.

## **General Compliance**

The General Compliance Area liaise with and direct property owners and developers to ensure built form building and planning requirements are adhered to at all times.

### **Healthy Community**

The Healthy Community team connect people to services, resources, information, facilities, and experiences that enhance their physical and social health and wellbeing.

# **Library Services**

Library Services plays a pivotal role in providing our community with access to resources, knowledge and technology in a safe, nurturing environment.

### Place Management

The Place Management Service Area implements programs, that are suitable for the particular targeted section of the community, to improve places within the District or, where the community is satisfied with the standard of operation, to maintain the already attained standard.

### Strategic Town Planning

Strategic Town Planning develops strategies for the future growth of the Town, with the aims of creating a vibrant community and improving the quality of life for residents.

### <u>Urban Planning</u>

Urban Planning assesses applications for development approval and subdivision, provides advice to the community and ensures land is appropriately used and developed.

#### **Finance**

# <u>Aqualife</u>

The Aqualife Centre aims to improve community health and wellbeing; and to provide a safe and welcoming environment for the community to meet and socialise, primarily through aquatic recreation.

# **Budgeting**

The Budgeting Area includes the administration of non-cash expenditure and revenue associated with local government accounting requirements, including profit and loss and depreciation.

# **Corporate Funds**

The Corporate Funds includes the management of loans, reserve fund transfers, restricted and trust funds, rate revenue and corporate grants funding.

### **Finance Office**

The Finance Office leads and supports the transformation of the organisation into a customer-focused, culturally constructive, legislatively compliant, sector-leading entity, with a primary focus on the Service Areas within the Finance functional area.

### **Financial Services**

The key role of Financial Services is to manage and control the Town's finances in a sound and prudent manner.

### **Information Systems**

Information Systems assists the Town in operating efficiently with the smooth running of essential business computer programs and systems.

### Leisurelife

The Leisurelife Centre aims to improve community health and wellbeing, and to provide a safe and welcoming environment for the community to meet and socialise, primarily through active recreation.

## <u>Parking</u>

The Parking Management section guides future parking initiatives within the Town, ensuring equitable access for everyone, whilst also monitoring existing parking areas and ensuring a safer community.

# <u>Rangers</u>

Ranger Services offer a 24 hours-a-day / 7 days-a-week service to help ensure community safety in the areas of Dog and Cat management and Local Law enforcement.

#### **Operations**

## Asset Planning

Asset Planning provides services to manage and maintain Council facilities and their related assets.

#### **Environment**

The Environment Area is committed to preserving and enhancing natural areas and recognises not only the ecological benefits of protecting natural assets, but also the social and recreational benefits as well.

#### **Fleet Services**

Fleet Services oversees the various items of light fleet, heavy fleet and plant and equipment.

# **Operations Office**

The Operations Office leads and supports the transformation of the organisation into a customer-focused, culturally constructive, legislatively compliant, sector-leading entity, with a primary focus on the Service Areas within the Operations functional area.

### Parks and Reserves

The Parks and Reserves Section delivers high quality horticultural works to parks, reserves and streetscapes.

#### **Project Management**

Project Management assists in improving the standards of project management and project delivery and delivers nominated projects on behalf of the Town.

### Property Development and Leasing

Property Management and Leasing assists in strategic property development projects and property leasing requirements on behalf of the Town.

# Street Improvement

Street Improvement provides engineering advice, design, planning, and road safety initiatives.

# **Street Operations**

Street Operations ensure the maintenance and renewal of roads, pathways, drainage and associated assets.

# <u>Waste</u>

Waste Management implements waste collection, minimisation and disposal in a sustainable manner.



					30 Septem	ber 2021
				Revised	Year-to-Date	Year-to-Date
		erial Varian		Budget	Budget	Actual
Particulars	\$		%	\$	\$	\$
Revenue						
Chief Executive Office				0	0	199
Chief Executive Office				0	0	199
Communications and Engagement				0	0	0
Customer Relations				0	0	0
Human Resources				0	0	0
Leadership and Governance				0	0	0
Community Planning				1,212,071	410,623	490,800
Community Planning Office				0	0	199
Building Services	31,105	▼	25.4%	378,500	122,371	91,266
Community Development				31,100	7,773	14,248
Digital Hub				26,800	0	600
Economic Development				0	0	0
Environmental Health	79,136	<b>A</b>	48.6%	175,800	162,907	242,043
Events, Arts and Funding				189,771	20,795	7,080
General Compliance				21,500	0	2,801
Library Services				19,600	4,527	6,090
Place Management				0	0	0
Strategic Town Planning	24.224		27.10/	250,000	02.250	126.474
Urban Planning	34,224		37.1%	369,000	92,250	126,474
Finance				54,528,118	46,431,550	46,576,959
Aqualife	33,734		5.7%	2,431,194	595,593	629,327
Budgeting				1,594,117	0	0
Corporate Funds				45,334,012	44,567,528	44,591,806
Finance Office				0	0	0
Financial Services	77,416		84.6%	401,835	91,500	168,916
Information Systems				1,500	375	30
Leisurelife	71,721	▼	14.4%	2,048,647	497,348	425,627
Parking	97,562		15.2%	2,569,813	642,453	740,015
Ranger services				147,000	36,753	21,239
Operations				21,642,738	7,628,482	7,575,325
Asset Planning				11,706,988	6,873,452	6,856,181
Environment				0	0	0
Fleet Services				10,000	0	1,858
Operations Office				1,100	276	0
Parks and Reserves				3,519,447	27,191	15,442
Project Management				1,000	249	256
Property Development and Leasing				0	0	0
Street Improvement				98,000	24,501	199
Street Operations				5,532,684	23,171	1,261
Waste Services				773,519	679,642	700,129
Total Revenue				77,382,927	54,470,655	54,643,284



					30 Septen	nber 2021
				Revised	Year-to-Date	Year-to-Date
	Ma	terial Variance		Budget	Budget	Actual
Particulars	\$		%	\$	\$	\$
Operating Expense						
Chief Executive Office				(5,388,097)	(1,284,831)	(1,120,693)
Chief Executive Office				(1,167,110)	(272,989)	(249,214)
Communications and Engagement				(1,013,767)	(164,233)	(162,621)
Customer Relations	29,585	<b>A</b>	16%	(834,095)	(188,840)	(218,425)
Human Resources	52,250	•	16%	(1,266,138)	(323,243)	(270,993)
Leadership and Governance	116,085	▼	35%	(1,106,987)	(335,526)	(219,441)
Community Planning				(10,984,545)	(2,874,164)	(2,264,997)
Building Services	36,717	•	21%	(654,508)	(172,669)	(135,952)
Community Development				(1,376,660)	(259,863)	(260,903)
Community Planning Office	26,503	•	11%	(954,072)	(247,097)	(220,594)
Digital Hub				(199,431)	(53,884)	(35,156)
Economic Development				(411,786)	(50,634)	(43,842)
Environmental Health	27,962	•	14%	(777,682)	(202,217)	(174,255)
Events, Arts and Funding	131,901		45%	(1,536,344)	(293,348)	(425,249)
General Compliance				(135,205)	(31,159)	(29,791)
Library Services	60,800	<b>V</b>	17%	(1,309,637)	(354,806)	(294,006)
Place Management	391,470	<b>•</b>	56%	(1,669,686)	(693,855)	(302,385)
Strategic Town Planning	87,503	<b>V</b>	42%	(819,967)	(210,322)	(122,819)
Urban Planning	84,264	•	28%	(1,139,567)	(304,310)	(220,046)
Finance				(23,986,082)	(3,729,728)	(3,123,122)
Aqualife	46,286	<b>V</b>	6%	(3,038,698)	(735,999)	(689,713)
Budgeting	.3,233	•	0,0	(9,186,154)	0	0
Corporate Funds	118,717	•	45%	(1,047,350)	(265,810)	(147,093)
Finance Office	51,920	· ▼	22%	(909,064)	(235,852)	(183,932)
Financial Services	77,023	<b>*</b>	22%	(1,282,388)	(344,261)	(267,238)
Information Systems	156,700	· •	17%	(3,553,921)	(899,133)	(742,433)
Leisurelife	30,113		6%	(2,046,112)	(505,531)	(535,644)
Parking	138,758	<u></u>	26%	(2,098,390)	(534,872)	(396,114)
Ranger services	47,315	<b>▼</b>	23%	(824,005)	(208,270)	(160,955)
Operations				(45,014,567)	(18,287,933)	(16,520,971)
Asset Planning	184,312	•	3%	(17,341,689)	(5,609,739)	
Environment	25,921	_	35%		(3,009,739)	(5,425,427) (48,601)
Fleet Services	23,921	•	33/0	(319,853)		
	111 250	•	47%	16,270	(37,873)	(32,815)
Operations Office Parks and Reserves	111,259		57%	(912,350) (5,209,722)	(235,016)	(346,275)
	831,658	_			(1,470,414)	(638,756)
Project Management	80,392	¥	9%	(2,740,007)	(853,334)	(772,942)
Property Development and Leasing	166,739	<b>*</b>	75%	(885,592)	(223,497)	(56,758)
Street Improvement	107,115	_	34%	(1,318,389)	(310,736)	(203,621)
Street Operations	67,412	_	11%	(2,588,965)	(636,733)	(569,321)
Waste Services	409,614	<u> </u>	5%	(13,714,270)	(8,836,069)	(8,426,455)
Total Operating Expense				(85,373,291)	(26,176,656)	(23,029,784)



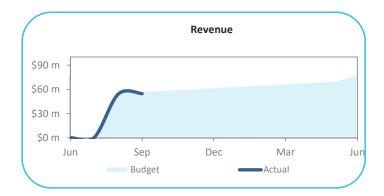
					30 Septen	nber 2021
				Revised	Year-to-Date	Year-to-Date
	Ma	iterial Varian	ce	Budget	Budget	Actual
Particulars	\$		%	\$	\$	\$
Capital Expense						
<u>Capital Expense</u>						
Chief Executive Office				0	0	0
Chief Executive Office				0	0	0
Communications and Engagement				0	0	0
Customer Relations				0	0	0
Human Resources				0	0	0
Leadership and Governance				0	0	0
Community Planning				(2,500)	(624)	(1,500)
Building Services				0	0	0
Community Development				0	0	0
Community Planning Office				0	0	0
Digital Hub				0	0	0
Economic Development				0	0	0
Environmental Health				0	0	0
Events, Arts and Funding				(2,500)	(624)	(1,500)
General Compliance				0	0	0
Library Services				0	0	0
Place Management				0	0	0
Strategic Town Planning				0	0	0
Urban Planning				0	0	0
Finance				(480,830)	(84,805)	(189,346)
Aqualife				(40,000)	(40,000)	(37,085)
Budgeting				0	0	0
Corporate Funds				0	0	0
Finance Office				0	0	0
Financial Services				0	0	0
Information Systems	112,457		283%	(420,832)	(39,804)	(152,261)
Leisurelife				0	0	0
Parking				(19,998)	(5,001)	0
Ranger services				0	0	0
Operations				(27,514,023)	(871,063)	(969,506)
Asset Planning				(2,775,685)	(76,026)	(54,053)
Environment				0	0	0
Fleet Services				(1,027,485)	(68,626)	(47,222)
Operations Office				0	0	0
Parks and Reserves	143,219	<b>V</b>	22%	(9,710,508)	(646,920)	(503,701)
Project Management	•			(1,150,000)	0	(631)
Property Development and Leasing				0	0	0
Street Improvement				0	0	0
Street Operations	284,408		358%	(12,850,345)	(79,491)	(363,899)
Waste Services	•			0	0	0
Total Capital Expense				(27,997,353)	(956,492)	(1,160,351)

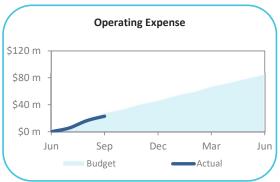


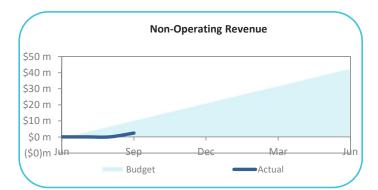
					30 Septer	mber 2021
				Revised	Year-to-Date	Year-to-Date
	Mat	erial Varian	ce	Budget	Budget	Actual
Particulars	\$		%	\$	\$	\$
Non-Operating Revenue						
Finance				43,280,434	2,395,200	2,395,200
Corporate Funds				43,280,434	2,395,200	2,395,200
Operations				391,500	97,875	74
Fleet Services	97,801	•	100%	391,500	97,875	74
Total Non-Operating Revenue				43,671,934	2,493,075	2,395,274
Non-Operating Expense						
Finance				(16,828,798)	(1,337,203)	(1,312,691)
Corporate Funds				(16,828,798)	(1,337,203)	(1,312,691)
Total Non-Operating Expense				(16,828,798)	(1,337,203)	(1,312,691)
Non-Cash Items Adjustments						
(Profit) and Loss				(1,486,163)	0	0
Depreciation	2,367,042	<b>A</b>	100%	9,468,200	2,367,042	0
Total Non-Cash Items Adjustments				7,982,037	2,367,042	0
Suspense Items Yet To Be Applied				0	0	(106,037)
Opening Surplus / (Deficit)				1,165,061	1,165,061	827,140
Closing Surplus / (Deficit)				2,517	32,025,482	32,256,836

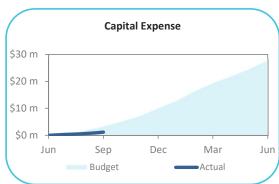


#### **Graphical Representation**















Particulars	Brought Forward 1 July \$	Year To Date Actual \$
Current Assets		
Cash - Unrestricted	10,905,801	5,126,677
Cash - Reserves / Restricted	53,222,742	50,869,080
Receivables and Accruals	4,039,277	42,904,863
Inventories	12,756	12,756
	68,180,577	98,913,376
Less Current Liabilities		
Payables and Provisions	(14,130,694)	(15,787,461)
	(14,130,694)	(15,787,461)
Net Current Asset Position	54,049,883	83,125,915
Less		
Cash - Reserves / Restricted	(53,222,742)	(50,869,080)
Estimated Surplus / (Deficiency) Carried Forward	827,140	32,256,836



# **Cash and Investments Analysis**

		Amount Invested	Interest Rate %	Term (Days)	Maturity Date	Projected Earnings	Percentage of Portfolio
	Т	\$	%			\$	Portfolio
Cash - Unrestricted							
СВА		6,789,761				83	12%
	At Call	6,300,708	Variable	11am	Daily	0	
	Online Saver	489,053	0.20	11am	Daily	83	
NT Treasury Corporation		2,000,000			,	14,038	4%
		2,000,000	0.60	427	15-Dec-21	14,038	
AMP		3,000,000				20,342	5%
		3,000,000	0.75	330	23-Dec-21	20,342	
<b>Total Cash - Unrestricted</b>		11,789,761				34,464	21%
						-	
Cash - Restricted							
CBA		8,792,505				1,380	16%
	At Call	670,801	Variable	11am	Daily	0	
	Online Saver	8,121,704	0.20	11am	Daily	1,380	
ME Bank		24,000,000				76,000	43%
		5,000,000	0.40	305	11-Feb-22	16,712	
		4,000,000	0.50	265	22-Jun-22	14,521	
		5,000,000	0.50	214	11-Feb-22	14,658	
		5,000,000	0.50	274	12-Apr-22	18,767	
		5,000,000	0.45	184	21-Jan-22	11,342	
AMP		7,000,000				51,603	13%
		2,000,000	0.75	365	18-Aug-22	15,000	
		5,000,000	0.80	334	30-Aug-22	36,603	
Judo		4,000,000				136,681	7%
		4,000,000	0.65	365	16-Sep-22	26,000	
<b>Total Cash - Restricted</b>		43,792,505				110,681	79%
Total Cash - Invested		55,582,266				211,573	100%



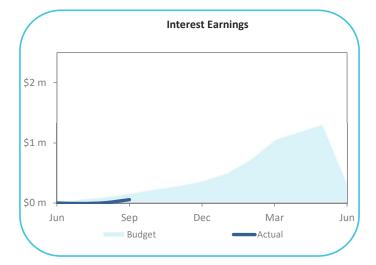
### **Cash and Investments Analysis**





#### **Investment Maturity Timing**



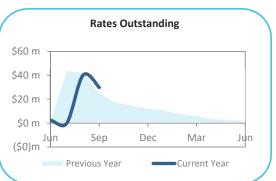






### **Rates Outstanding (Not Including Deferrals or Associated Fees and Charges)**

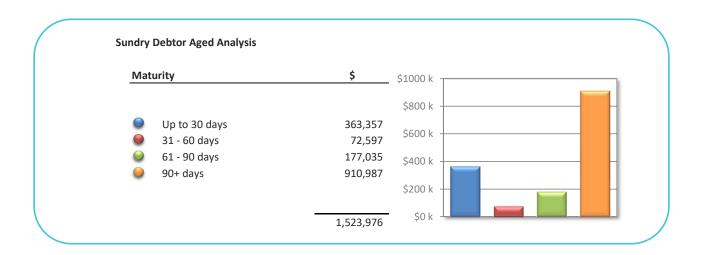
	Total	
Balance from Previous Year	2,398,741	(
Rates Levied - Initial	44,336,530	\$60 m —
Rates Levied - Interims	0	4
Total Rates Collectable	46,735,270	\$40 m -
Current Rates Collected To Date	14,493,745	\$20 m - \$0 m
<b>Current Rates Outstanding</b>	32,241,525	(\$0)m
% Rates Outstanding % Rates Outstanding same time last year	55.0% 57.9%	Pr



Lower collections to this time last year due to instalments and initial notice going out later than last year

### **Sundry Debtors**

Туре	Total	30 Days	60 Days	90 Days	90+ Days
Grants and Subsidies	327,095	-	600	126,587	199,908
Property Rent	12,700	11,514	185	1,000	-
Aqualife Fees	18,468	15,918	952	1,427	171
Leisurelife Fees	31,199	2,756	245	8,778	19,420
Community Development Fees	16,572	126	-	4,581	11,865
Health Fees	144,809	144,234	431	144	-
Other Fees and Charges	40,357	11,207	24,037	-	5,113
Building and Planning Application Fees	33,205	13,657	14,071	5,271	207
Infringements - Parking	846,820	161,745	31,626	28,448	625,001
Infringements - Animals	37,103	2,200	450	674	33,779
Infringements - General	1,756	-	-	125	1,631
Infringements - Bush Fire	9,693	-	-	-	9,693
Infringements - Health	4,199	-	-	-	4,199
Total Sundry Debtors	1,523,976	363,357	72,597	177,035	910,987





Grants and Contributions					
		Original	Revised	Receipt	t Status
		Budget	Budget		
Details		\$	\$	Invoiced	Remaining
Operating Funding					
Chief Executive Office	0				
Not Applicable		-	-	-	-
Community Planning	67,200				
Community Development - Sponsorships		23,200	23,200	-	23,200
Digital Hub - Grants		40,000	40,000	600	39,400
Library Services - Grants		2,000	2,000	880	1,120
Environmental Health		2,000	2,000	-	2,000
Finance	1,431,464				
Corporate Funds - Federal Financial Assistance Grants		1,214,794	1,214,794	155,332	1,059,462
Financial Services - DFES ESL Commission		71,670	71,670	2,260	69,410
Parking		130,000	130,000	23,809	106,191
Ranger Services		15,000	15,000	2,217	12,783
Operations	224,664				
Street Operations - MRDWA Direct Grant and street lighting	,	224,664	224,664	_	224,664
subsidy		,	',,,,		,,,,
Capital Funding					
Operations					
Harold Rossiter change room upgrades		50,000	50,000	-	50,000
Blackoak Investments Ed Millen parklands		3,300,000	3,300,000	-	3,300,000
Shade Sails State Govt Grants:					
Read Park		20,000	20,000	-	20,000
Fraser Park		20,000	20,000	-	20,000
Rotary Park		20,000	20,000	-	20,000
Duncan Reserve		20,000	20,000	-	20,000
Forward Park		20,000	20,000	-	20,000
Street Operations Grants:					
Rutland Avenue Shared Path (Miller to GEHwy)		2,200,000	2,200,000	-	2,200,000
Albany Highway from Kent to Mint Street		52,300	52,300	-	52,300
Albany Hwy - Dane to Westminster St New		36,212	36,212	-	36,212
Briggs Street - Rutland to Downing		47,101	47,101	-	47,101
Berwick Street - Sussex Street to Basinghall Street		154,809	154,809	-	154,809
Etwell Street LRCI Phase 2		1,150,000	1,150,000	-	1,150,000
Hordern and Geddes Intersection (Blackspot)		107,387	107,387	-	107,387
Hordern and McMillan Intersection (Blackspot)		122,588	122,588	-	122,588
Archer and Orrong Intersection (Blackspot)		679,047	679,047	-	679,047
Star Street and Briggs Street (Blackspot)		337,333	337,333	-	337,333
Roads to Recovery Funding Income - Location TBA		237,608	237,608	-	237,608
Kent Street - Albany to Gloucester MRRG		80,581	80,581	-	80,581
Carlisle Laneways (Community Development Grant)		13,173	13,173	-	13,173
Terminus Lane (Community Development Grant)		113,413	113,413	-	113,413
Total Cash Deposits		10,504,880	10,504,880	185,099	10,319,781



#### **Reserve Funds Descriptions**

The purposes for which funds have been set aside by Council, in Reserve Funds, are outlined below -

#### **Building Renewal**

To be used to fund renewal projects associated with Council's Building assets.

#### Cash-in-Lieu

To be used to assist in funding initiatives associated with payments received as cash in lieu of required obligations or works.

#### Community Art

To be used to fund the purchase and placement of art for the Council and Community.

#### COVID-19 Recovery Reserve

To be used to assist in funding recovery initiatives related to COVID-19.

#### Drainage Renewal

To be used to fund renewal projects associated with Council's Drainage infrastructure.

#### **Edward Millen Site**

To be used to assist in improving and / or maintaining the Edward Millen site, including the associated grounds. grounds.

#### **Employee Entitlements**

To be used to fund the Towns Long Service Leave, Annual Leave and Personal Leave requirements and is maintained by an annual contribution to the reserve.

#### Furniture and Equipment Renewal

To be used to fund renewal projects associated with Council's Furniture and Equipment assets.

#### Future Fund

To assist in funding projects and property purchases that diversify Council's revenue streams.

#### **Future Projects**

To assist in funding 'new' and 'upgrade' capital projects, with funding primarily derived from the sale of land assets.

#### Harold Hawthorne - Carlisle Memorial

To be used to provide funds to assist in conducting future Spring Garden Competitions.

#### Information Technology Renewal

To be used to fund renewal projects associated with Council's information technology assets. significant insurance claims.

#### Insurance Risk Reserve

To be used for the purpose of meeting the difference between premiums and claims in the event of any significant insurance claims.

#### Other Infrastructure Renewal

To be used to fund renewal projects associated with Council's Other infrastructure.

#### Parks Renewal

To be used to fund renewal projects associated with Council's Parks infrastructure.



#### Parking Benefits

To be used to accumulate funds including those from Parking Operations surpluses; alleviating the impacts of intergenerational equity in funding major facilities.

#### Pathways Renewal

To be used to fund renewal projects associated with Council's Pathways infrastructure

#### Plant and Machinery Renewal

To be used to assist in the acquisition and replacement of the Town's Plant and Machinery.

#### Renewable Energy

To assist in investigating and funding renewable energy projects within the District.

#### Roads Renewal

To be used to fund renewal projects associated with Council's Roads Infrastructure

#### **Underground Power**

To assist in the funding of projects associated with the installation of underground power and associated landscaping.

#### **Urban Forest Strategy**

To assist in funding initiatives associated with the Urban Forest Strategy

#### Waste Management

To assist in the funding of waste management and waste minimisation strategies



#### **Reserve Funds Transactions**

	Annual Opening	Transfer to	Transfer from	30 September 2	021 Balance	Annual Revised
	Balance	Reserve	Reserve	Actual	Budget	Budget
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Building Renewal	1,730,130	14	-	1,730,144	1,706,256	1,706,256
Cash-in-Lieu	-	-	_	-	-	-
Community Art	663,647	69	-	663,716	626,024	626,024
COVID-19 Recovery Reserve	1,621	456	_	2,077	1,309	1,309
Drainage Renewal	403,129	(66)	-	403,063	373,147	373,147
Edward Millen Site	2,033,468	218	-	2,033,686	2,084,966	2,084,966
Employees Entitlement Reserve	-	-	-	-	24,999	24,999
Furniture and Equip Renewal	703,709	44	_	703,753	694,211	694,211
Future Fund	17,418,635	(630)	-	17,418,005	15,834,470	15,834,470
Future Projects	192,711	(23)	-	192,687	259,611	259,611
Harold Hawthorn - Carlisle	183,555	20	-	183,575	183,681	183,681
Information Technology Renewal	1,201,519	24	-	1,201,543	1,128,400	1,128,400
Insurance Risk Reserve	459,835	49	-	459,884	460,135	460,135
Land Asset Optimisation	1,687,235	181	-	1,687,416	2,650,079	2,650,079
Other Infrastructure Renewal	712,873	(267)	-	712,606	618,688	618,688
Parks Renewal	2,560,274	(1,025)	-	2,559,249	2,203,574	2,203,574
Parking Benefits Reserve	-	-	-	-	50,001	50,001
Pathways Renewal	1,630,322	(1,277)	-	1,629,045	1,230,959	1,230,959
Plant and Machinery	575,503	(163)	-	575,340	534,853	534,853
Renewable Energy	281,114	30	-	281,144	281,315	281,315
Roads Renewal	4,408,507	(2,198)	-	4,406,309	3,574,657	3,574,657
Underground Power	14,364,696	3,795	(2,395,200)	11,973,291	11,623,470	11,623,470
Urban Forest Strategy	1,002,426	(347)	-	1,002,080	782,778	782,778
Waste Management	1,050,476	(10)	-	1,050,466	1,051,127	1,051,127
	53,265,386	(1,107)	(2,395,200)	50,869,080	47,978,711	47,978,711



The following pages summarise the progress of the Capital Items.

For the purposes of these pages, the following indicators have been used -

#### **Item Timing**

This relates to how the item is tracking time-wise and is displayed using the following indicators -

×	Behind
	On-Track
$\checkmark$	In-Front

#### **Budget Status**

This relates to how the item is costing against the Revised Budget and is displayed using the following indicators -

×	Over budget
	On budget
$\overline{\checkmark}$	Under budget

### **Completion Stage**

This relates to where the item is currently, in terms of completion, and is displayed using the following indicators -

Not commenced
Commenced
Half-way completed
Nearing completion
Completed



	Budget Status	Completion Stage	Revised Budget	Year-to-Date Actual
Particulars			\$	\$
Land and Buildings			2,775,685	53,963
Renewal - Land and Buildings				
Unplanned Reactive Works			75,000	0
10 Kent Street - Interior Refurbishment (Disability Access)			182,497	53,422
Aqualife - BMS Renewal			18,938	541
Aqualife - Auto Doors (Disability and family accessible compliance)			50,000	0
Aqualife - Pool Plant Renewal			55,356	0
Aqualife - Gym Change room refurb (F/M & disability access)			150,000	0
Library - Fitout and Layout changes (RFID) stage 1 - External Doors			23,894	0

10 Kent Street - Interior Refurbishment (Disability Access)		182,497	53,422
Aqualife - BMS Renewal		18,938	541
Aqualife - Auto Doors (Disability and family accessible compliance)		50,000	0
Aqualife - Pool Plant Renewal		55,356	0
Aqualife - Gym Change room refurb (F/M & disability access)		150,000	0
Library - Fitout and Layout changes (RFID) stage 1 - External Doors		23,894	0
Airconditioning Replacement Program (Leisurelife)		100,000	0
Lighting Replacement (LED's) - Vic Park Bowling Club and Club Rooms		30,000	0
Administration - Basement End of trip facilities refurbishment		80,000	0
Administration - Painting - External		120,000	0
Club room painting - Raphael Park		15,000	0
Club room painting - Carlisle Reserve		15,000	0
Higgins Park Clubroom Wall (internal wall)		10,000	0
Security Screens (Harold, Fraser, JA Lee and Raphael)		40,000	0
Indoor creche softfall replacement		30,000	0
Harold Rossiter change room upgrades (Storage, Changeroom, toilet)		150,000	0
Lathlain Redevelopment Zone 1		1,550,000	0
Upgrade - Land and Buildings			
Library -Disability Access/Toilet upgrades		80,000	0



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	Budget Status	Completion Stage	Revised Budget	Year-to-Date Actual
Particulars			\$	\$
Plant and Machinery			1,027,485	84,014
Renewal - Plant and Machinery			1,027,103	01,021
1GLD024 - Mazda CX-5 Maxx Sport 110VPK			35,000	0
Vehicle Purchase -Rangers (122VPK)			44,000	0
164 VPK - Holden Cruze Sedan			26,000	0
171 VPK Subaru Impreza			26,000	0
179 VPK - Holden Cruze Sedan			26,000	0
180 VPK Subaru Impreza 2.0i Hatch			26,000	0
1GKI948 - Toyota Corolla			26,000	0
1GFU524 Subaru Impreza Hatch			26,000	0
1GIR083 - Subaru Impreza Hatch			26,000	0
1GJM311 - Subaru Impreza Hatch			26,000	0
117 VPK Mitsubishi Triton			33,000	0
Vehicle Purchase - Parking Area (178VPK)			25,000	22,634
139 VPKHino Pro Ranger Tipper with crane			150,000	0
Heavy Truck 9T (137VPK)			175,000	0
Pavement Sweeper (177VPK)			280,000	0
Custom Made Water Tank			29,000	0
Insurance Replacement 1GWO546			27,485	24,295
Minor Plant Renewal - Street Improvement			21,000	0
Furniture and Equipment			40,000	37,085
Renewal -Furniture and Equipment				
Aqualife Gym Equipment			40,000	37,085
Information Technology			420,832	152,261
New - Information Technology				
Library - RFID Self-Service System			45,840	41,555
Software - Asset Management System			81,220	11,100
Risk Management Software (Governance)			18,000	0
Minutes Digitisation (Records)			20,000	0
Recruitment Software (HR)	×		30,000	99,606
Renewal - Information Technology				
TDS Device Fleet Replacement			100,000	0
Replacement of network equipment			35,000	0
Replacement of Mobile Devices			45,000	0
Upgrade - Information Technology				
System Upgrade - Authority 7.x			45,772	0



	Budget	Completion	Revised	Year-to-Date
	Status	Stage	Budget	Actual
Particulars			\$	\$

Particulars		\$	<u> </u>
Roads		9,581,666	247,309
Renewal - Roads		3,301,300	211,505
Kent Street - Gloucester to Berwick MRRG 21/22		120,872	0
Basinghall Street - Albany to Berwick MRRG 21/22		232,214	0
Albany Highway - Dane St Intersection MRRG 21/22		54,318	0
Merton Street - Gresham to Miller		122,946	0
Marchamley Street - Roberts to Gemini		387,570	0
Carnaryon Street - Lakeview to Dane		122,685	3,215
Boulder Street - Carnarvon to Shepperton		64,604	3,213
Hubert Street - Miller to Mint		185,123	0
Cardiff Street - Shepperton to Carnarvon		70,980	0
Welshpool Road (Albany to Sevenoaks)		73,156	67,500
Satellite Place - Roberts to End		153,525	0
Galaxy Way - Mercury to Orrong		155,590	38,609
Harris Street - Briggs to Kew		173,515	0
Camberwell Street - Berwick to Devenish		124,808	0
Kitchener Way - Burswood to Kitchener		52,119	0
Kitchener Avenue - Harper to Duncan		111,917	0
Howick Street East - Rutland to Gallipoli		99,055	0
Enfield Street - Roberts to Rayment		86,745	0
Midgley Street - Gallipoli to Goddard		201,187	0
Manchester Street - Gloucester to Albany		228,485	0
Teague Street - Harvey to Harper		88,930	1,736
Temple Street - Washington to Berwick (Stage 2)		135,000	93,532
Heirrisson Way - Kerb Replacement		25,000	0
Colombo Street South - Gloucester to Berwick		85,200	0
Withnell Street - Swansea to Read		137,811	13,096
Albany Highway - Mint Street Intersection		78,450	0
Leonard Street - Gloucester to Berwick		87,897	0
Emily Street - Berwick to Boundary		87,406	0
Roads to Recovery		237,608	0
Read Street - Withnell to Oats		32,076	0
Briggs Street - Rutland to Downing MRRG 21/22		70,652	0
Template Street - Washington to Berwick c/fwd		100,491	0
ROW 46 Upgrade c/fwd		240,000	0
Garland Street Renewal c/fwd		29,889	0
Upgrade - Roads			
Archer/Mint Street Upgrade - Stage 1		1,500,000	0
Roberts Road and Orrong Road - Intersection		11,784	0
B-List Projects - Crash barrier @ 86 Berwick St & minor intersection		75,000	0
widening at Devenish Street/Hill View Tce		.,	
Burlington Street/Leichardt Street Intersection Upgrade		95,000	0
Star Street and Briggs Street (Blackspot)		594,047	0
Archer and Orrong Intersection (Blackspot)		1,338,420	4,800
Hordern and Geddes Intersection (Blackspot)		211,997	
Hordern and McMillan Intersection (Blackspot)		256,172	3,200 (7,305)
Etwell Street Local Centre Revitalisation-LRCI Phase 2 Grant		1,150,000	273
Albany Highway Cycle Lanes (Mackie to Oswald) LRCI		91,422	28,653



	Budget	Completion	Revised	Year-to-Date
	Status	Stage	Budget	Actual
Particulars			\$	\$

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Davida		0.710.500	407 524
Parks		9,710,508	497,534
Renewal - Parks		50.000	0.15
GO Edwards Park - Redevelopment		60,000	815
George Street Reserve - Revegetation Project		93,678	990
Forward Reserve-Playground, irrigation and fencing upgrades		98,000	0
Devenish Park Playground renewal		80,000	0
Drinking Fountains JA Lee Reserve		12,000	0
Parnham Park - Drinking Fountain		5,000	0
Carlisle Reserve - Drinking Fountain		6,000	0
Bore Water Meters - Various Sites		80,000	0
Bore Replacement Duncan Reserve		30,000	0
Central Control Upgrade Miller St & Works Depot		10,000	0
Main Roads/Arterials - Lanscaping/Planting		40,000	0
Ed Millen Park Masterplan		7,500,000	0
Upgrade - Parks			
Bolton Avenue Verge - Retaining Wall and Fencing		20,000	0
GO Edwards Masterplan - Stage 5		1,545,830	495,729
New - Parks			
Kent St Sandpit Concept Plan Implementation - site preparation		30,000	0
Read Park -Shade Sail		20,000	0
Fraser Park -Shade Sail		20,000	0
Rotary Park -Shade Sail		20,000	0
Duncan Reservek -Shade Sail		20,000	0
Forward Park -Shade Sail		20,000	0
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	Budget	Completion	Revised	Year-to-Date
	Status	Stage	Budget	Actual
Particulars			\$	Actual

Other Infrastructure		1,486,950	99,438
Renewal - Other Infrastructure			
Carpark #15 Renewal - Fletcher Park		48,468	4,535
Bus Shelters - Renewal		120,000	0
Street Lighting - Albany Highway and Laneways		50,000	0
Mirvac - Lighting Replacement		150,000	0
Upgrade - Other Infrastructure			
Street Lighting - Safety Improvements (Safer Neighbourhoods Plan)		37,193	23,664
Carlisle Laneways (Community Development Grant)		12,643	0
Terminus Lane (Community Development Grant)		15,455	6,763
Upgrade - ROW 59		435,693	62,976
Upgrade - ROW 33		390,000	0
New - Other Infrastructure			
Parking - ACROD Bays - Allocation TBA new priority list		15,000	0
Purchase and Installation of parking meters - Parking Initiative		19,998	0
Pedestrian Infrastructure Improvements		40,000	0
Lathlain Redevelopment (Zone 2x ) - Public Art		2,500	1,500
Retaining Wall-Rathay Street		150,000	0